IN THE CLAIMS:

Listing of the claims:

(Currently amended) An imaging spectrometer comprising;
an imager for dividing a received image into two four or more spatially separated
spectral images, and

detector apparatus for detecting each spectral image, and

an input optical retardation element to define the input polarisation state of the image received by the imager wherein the imager comprises at least one polarising beam splitter wherein the imager comprises at least three image replication stages in optical series, each comprising a Wollaston prism, and wherein light forming each spectral image passes through the Wollaston prism of each image replication stage.

- 2. (Currently amended) A spectrometer according to claim 1 wherein the imager comprises an image replicator to produce two or more spatially separated images, and one or more filter elements which act to alter the spectral characteristics of one or more of the spatially separated images.
- 3. (Currently amended) A spectrometer according to claim 2 wherein the <u>one or more</u> filter elements are dichroic filter elements.
- 4. (Currently amended) A spectrometer according to claim 2 wherein the <u>one or more</u> filter elements are located in the vicinity of said detector apparatus or a conjugate plane thereof.
- 5. (Previously presented) A spectrometer according to claim 2 having an image replicator—that comprises two or more polarising beam splitters and additionally comprising optical retardation elements located between Wollaston prisms of adjacent image replication stages the polarising beam splitters.

6. (Cancelled)

- 7. (Currently amended) A spectrometer according to claim [[6]]2 wherein the <u>imager</u> further comprises an <u>input</u> optical retardation <u>element to define imparted by</u> the input polarization state of the image received by a first image replication stage and wherein optical retardation imparted by the input optical retardation element is variable.
- 8. (Currently amended) A spectrometer according to claim 5 wherein at least one of the optical retardation elements <u>have has</u> substantially wavelength independent retardation properties.
- 9. (Currently amended) A spectrometer according to claim 1 wherein the imager comprises one or more spectral replicator arranged in optical series, each image replication stage spectral replicator comprising comprises an optical retardation element and a Wollaston prism polarising beam splitter.
- 10. (Original) A spectrometer according to claim 9 wherein one or more of the optical retardation elements provides a wavelength dependent polarisation change.
- 11. (Previously presented) A spectrometer according to claim 9 wherein the thickness of the one or more optical retardation elements is chosen to define the spectral properties of each spectral image.

12. (Cancelled)

13. (Previously presented) A spectrometer according to claim 1 wherein each spectral image is composed of radiation within a different waveband.

- 14. (Previously presented) A spectrometer according to claim 1 wherein the detector apparatus comprises a detector array, each replicated image being directed to a separate portion of the detector array.
- 15. (Previously presented) A spectrometer according to claim 1 wherein the detector apparatus comprises two or more detector arrays.
- 16. (Original) A spectrometer according to claim 15 wherein a separate detector array is provided to detect each replicated image.

17. (Cancelled)

- 18. (Previously presented) A spectrometer according to claim 1 wherein the optical components of the imager are formed as a single compound optical element.
- 19. (Previously presented) A spectrometer according to claim 1 and additionally comprising a field stop, the field stop limiting the field of view of the image received by the imager.
 - 20. (Currently amended) An imaging spectrometer comprising; imaging means for dividing a received image into twofour or more spatially separated spectral images, and

means for detecting each spectral image, and

wherein the imaging means comprises at least three image replication stages in optical series, each comprising a Wollaston prism, and wherein light forming each spectral image passes through the Wollaston prism of each image replication stage an input optical retardation element to define the input polarisation state of the image received by the imager wherein the imaging means comprises at least one polarising beam splitter.